

The Future of Texas

Enable Texans To Make Policy Decisions Through:



Accessible Data



Long-Term Planning



Statewide Engagement



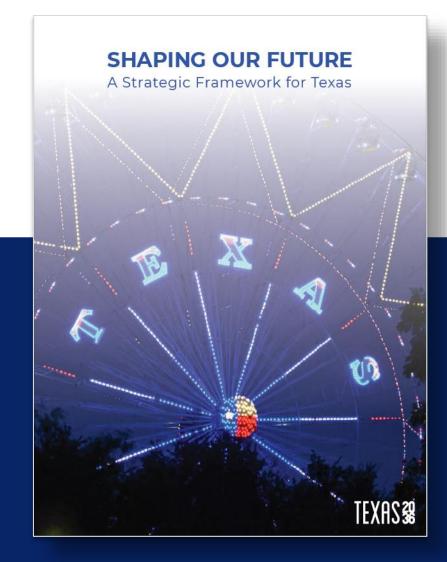


Data Tells Us Texas Faces Significant Challenges That Require State Action To Prepare Us For The Future. The Strategic Framework Takes A Comprehensive Look At Forces Shaping Texas' Future

Establishes **36 aspirational goals** that position **Texas** to be the **best place to live and work**

Assesses **Texas' performance** on each goal and compares them against 11 peer states

Sets targets that **define success** for each goal in 2036





36 Aspirational Goals

PROSPERITY AND WELL-BEING

- 1. Economic Growth
- 2. Quality of Life

EDUCATION AND WORKFORCE

- 3. Early Learning
- 4. K-12
- 5. Postsecondary
- 6. Jobs
- 7. Workforce Needs

HEALTH

- 8. Availability of Health Care
- 9. Affordability of Health Care
- 10. Population Health
- 11. Public Health
- 12. Return on Health Care Investment

INFRASTRUCTURE

- 13. Mobility of Individuals
- 14. Mobility of Goods
- 15. Safety
- 16. Digital Connectivity
- 17. Energy Distribution
- 18. Crisis Readiness

NATURAL RESOURCES

- 19. Quality of Air
- 20. Sufficient Water
- 21. Quality of Water
- 22. Parks & Wildlife
- 23. Agricultural Production
- 24. Energy Production

JUSTICE AND SAFETY

- 25. Public Safety
- 26. Protection for the Vulnerable
- 27. Safety Net
- 28. Justice System

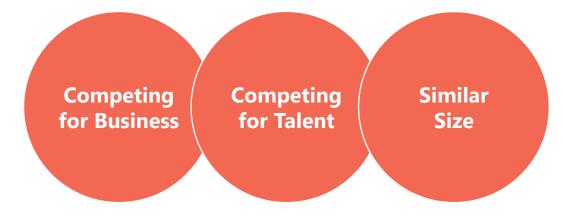
GOVERNMENT PERFORMANCE

- 29. Confidence in Government
- 30. Civic Engagement
- 31. Broad, Stable Revenue Base
- 32. Wisely Managed State Spending
- 33. Talent in Government
- 34. Proven, Modern Methods in Data
- 35. Customer Service
- 36. Aligned Accountability



Assessing Texas' Performance Against Competitor States

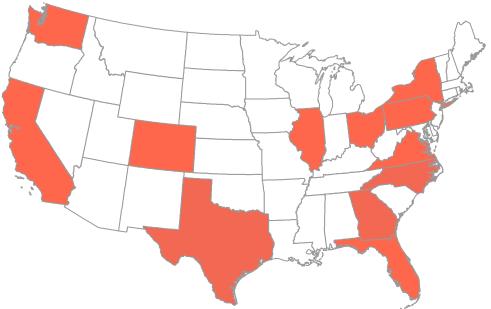
Peer states identified based on index including **15 factors** across 3 domains



Together, Texas and its peers account for

58% of the total U.S. population



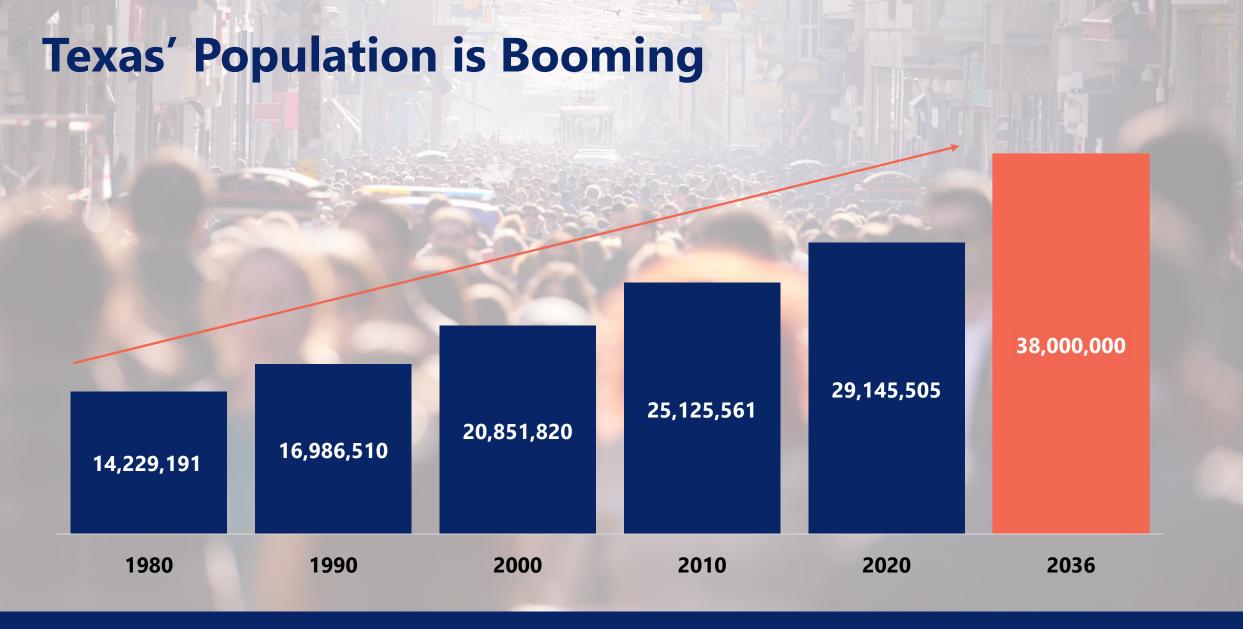


Peer states include:

CaliforniaIllinoisColoradoNew YorkFloridaNorth CarolinaGeorgiaOhio

Pennsylvania Virginia Washington





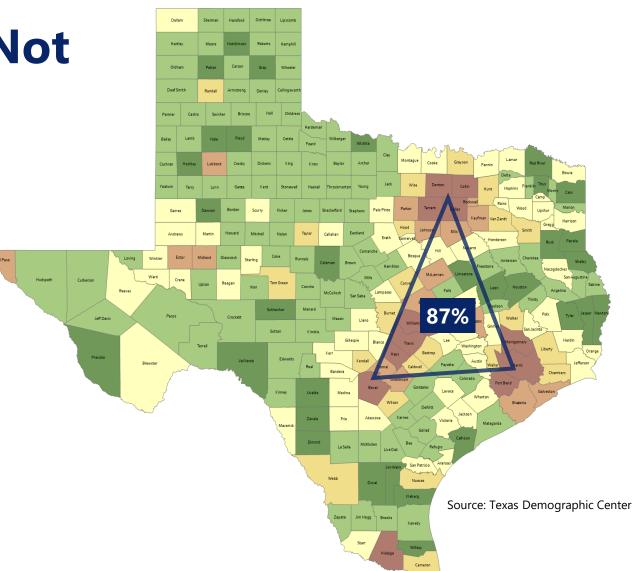


But That Growth Has Not Been Universal

143 counties lost population

Total Population Change 2010 to 2020

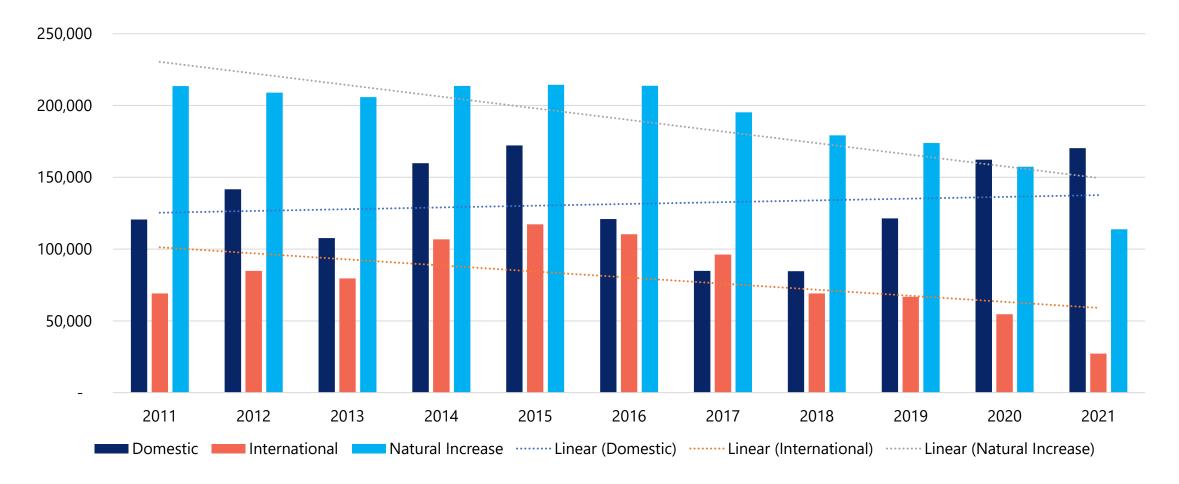
-3,7511000
-999 – 0
1 – 5,000
5,001 – 25,000
25,001 – 75,000
75,001 – 638,686





Population Growth Is Driven By In-Migration

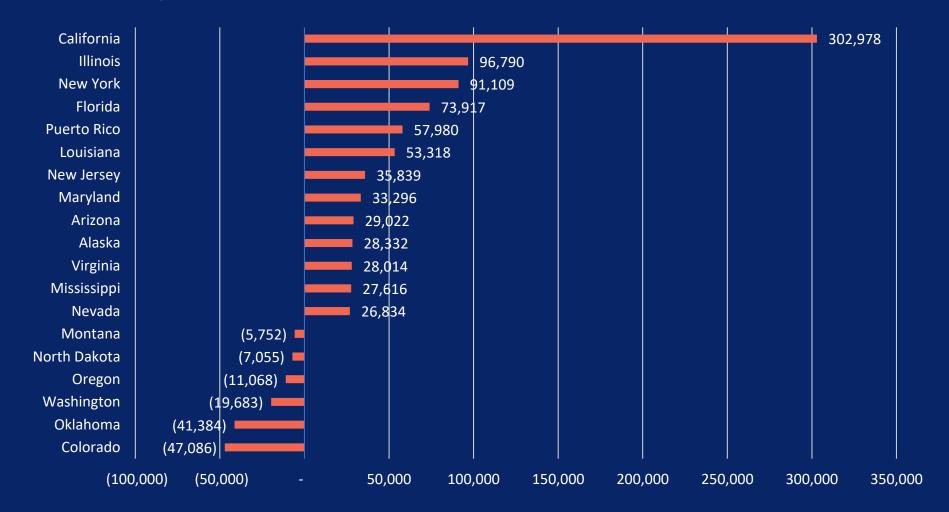
Source: U.S. Census Bureau. 2020 Evaluation Population Estimates and 2021 Vintage Population Estimates.





Gone To Texas

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, State-to-State Migration Flows, 2010-2019





Texas Has Depended On Migration To Meet Workforce Demand

Nearly half of the state's workers are **not native Texans**

Newcomers hold **higher levels** of education than native Texans

But **migration has slowed** in recent years





To Support Our Growing Population, Texas Needs to Create More Jobs

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, non-farm employment, November 2017



Texas must add nearly **8 million new jobs by 2036** to keep up with population growth.

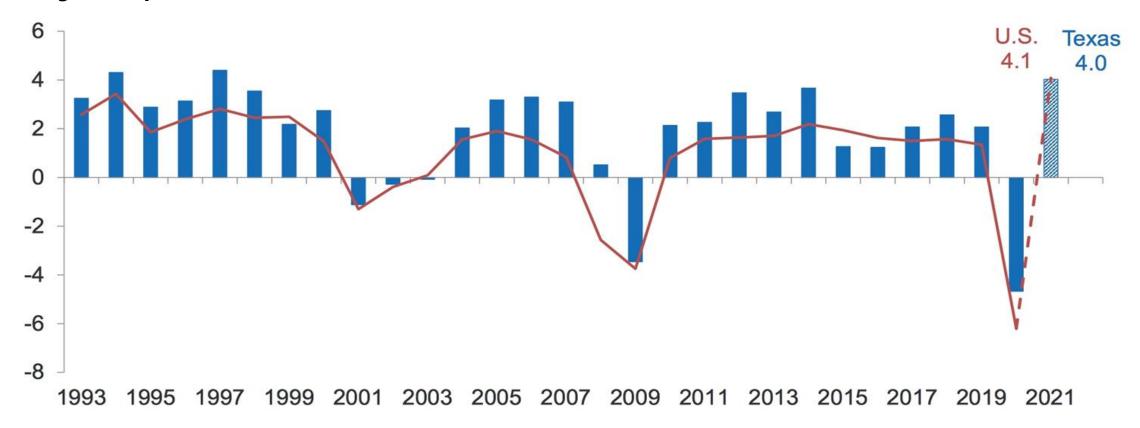


That's like adding the equivalent of **the number of jobs in DFW and Houston metro areas** today.



Texas Has Strong Job Growth...

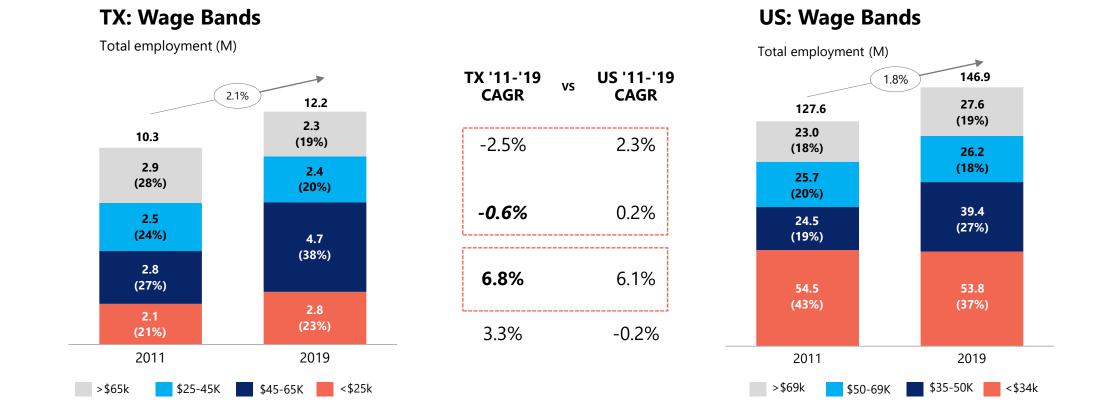
Job growth (percent), Dec./Dec.*



*Seasonally adjusted, annualized rate.

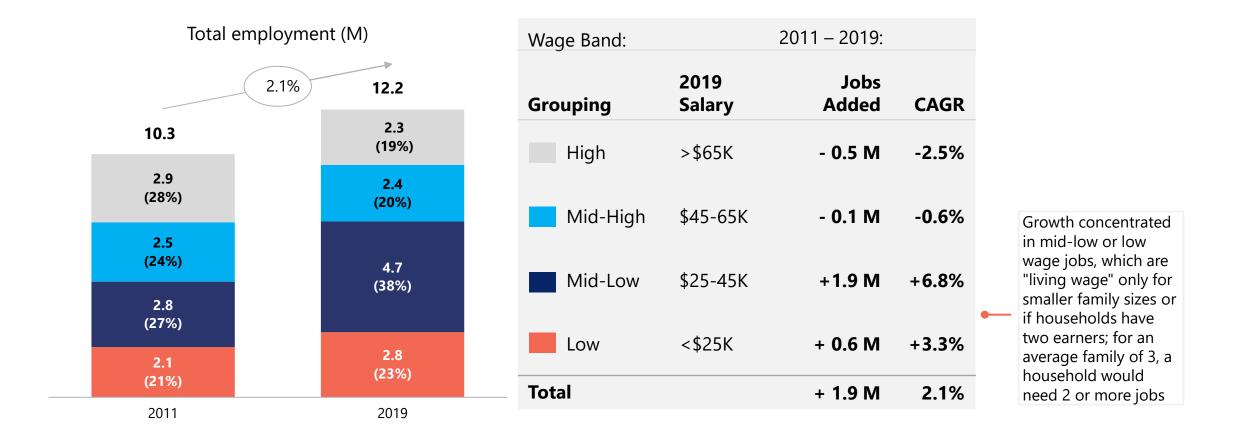
NOTE: Last data points are annualized job growth for Texas and U.S. (May 2021/Dec. 2020). SOURCES: Bureau of Labor Statistics; Texas Workforce Commission; seasonal and other adjustments by FRB Dallas. DATA: https://www.dallasfed.org/research/econdata/tae000000.aspx

...But Less Growth In Higher Wage Jobs Than The U.S. Average



Note. Assigned each detailed SOC code to a wage band based on available data then summed for each band. Derived 2019 bands fusing aligned wage band definitions, based on <u>United Way's</u> <u>ALICE Project</u> for Texas and <u>MIT Living Wage</u> calculator for the United States and adjusted to get to 2011 using cost of living adjustment of 3.4% and 1.8% annually for Texas and the United States, respectively over the last decade. Detail for ~200kmostly low wage job employees for Texas become unavailable with the added granularity to the data pull of industry by occupation. Source: <u>TWC OES report</u> (2019), <u>BLS OES Texas database</u> (2011 for Texas in 2011 and 2019 for the US)

Since 2011, Texas Added Mostly Low and Mid-Wage Jobs



Note. Assigned each detailed SOC code to a wage band based on available data then summed for each band. Derived 2019 bands for Texas using aligned wage band definitions, based on <u>United Way's ALICE Project</u> and adjusted to get to 2011 using cost of living adjustment of 3.4% annually over the last decade for the Texas. Detail for ~200kmostly low wage job employees become unavailable with the added granularity to the data pull of industry by occupation. Source: <u>Texas Workforce Comission (TWC) Occupational Employment Statistics (OES)</u> report (2019) and <u>Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) OES Texas database</u> (2011) **Educated Texans** Are Employed Texans Earning Moreover Their Lifetime

Only **32%**

of Texas, high school graduates obtain a postsecondary credential within six years of graduation.

By 2036, 71%

of all jobs will require a postsecondary credential.

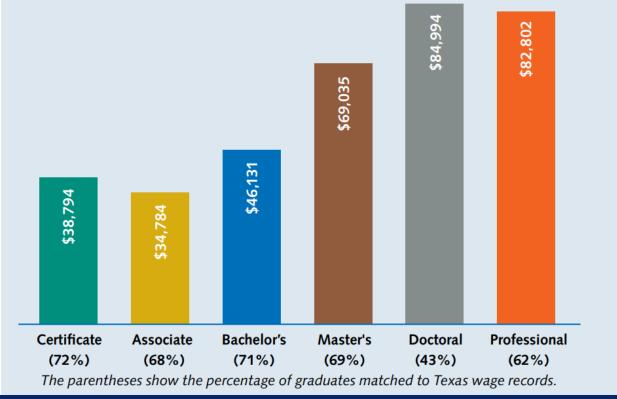




Higher Wage Jobs Are Typically Held By Those With Greater Educational Attainment

First-Year Earnings of 2018 Graduates

Highest degree earned, first-year actual wage



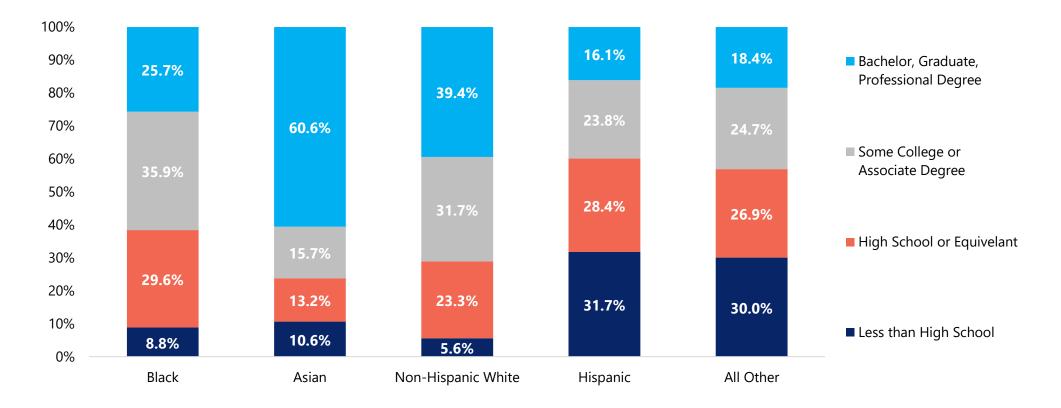
Source: 2021 Texas Public Higher Education Almanac



This Poses Challenges For Equity

Educational Attainment of Persons Age 25 Years and Older by Race/Ethnicity, Texas, 2019

Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey, 1-Year Sample, 2019





Texas Future Workforce Is Our Public Schools Joday

Approximately **5.4 million**

students attend Texas **public schools.**

Approximately **1.7 million**

students attend Texas **public higher education institutions**.

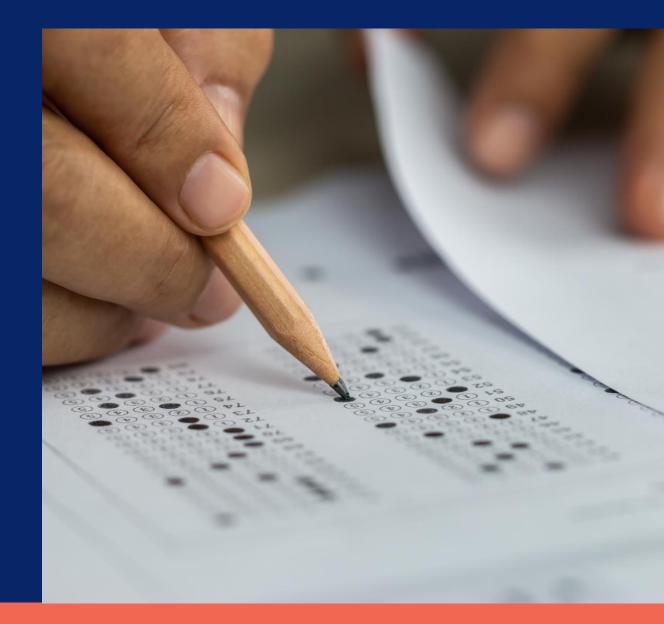
Texas' Students Have Fallen Behind





of 4th graders **cannot read** at grade level. of 4th graders **cannot perform math** at grade level.

Persistent achievement gaps persist across race, ethnicity, & income.

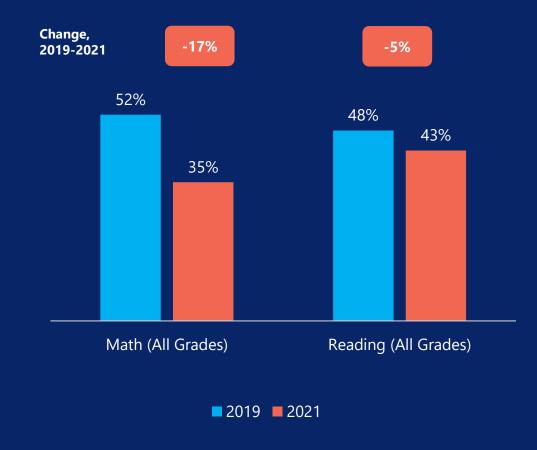




The COVID Pandemic Exacerbated These Trends

COVID Brought Sharp Declines in Student Outcomes, Especially in Math

STAAR Reading/ELA and Math "Meets Grade Level" Rates, 2019 and 2021 Source: Texas Education Agency

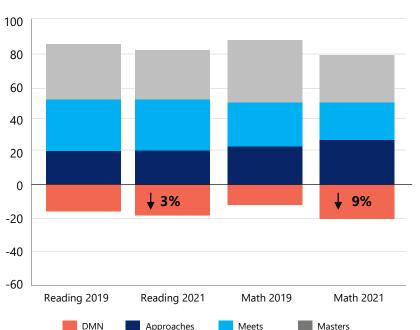




Economically Disadvantaged Students Were Disproportionately Impacted

VS.

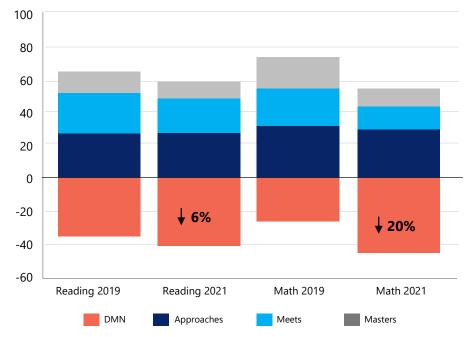
Source: Texas Education Agency



Non-Economically Disadvantaged

In 2021, non-economically disadvantaged students represent 41% of all tested students. 87% of non-economically disadvantaged students tested.

Economically Disadvantaged



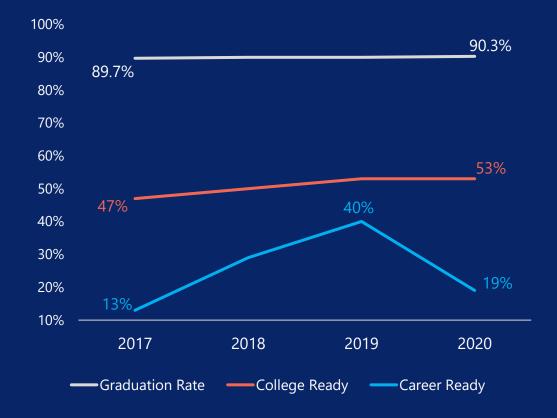
In 2021, economically disadvantaged students represent 59% of all tested students. 86% of economically disadvantaged students tested.



Texas Students Are Not Career Ready

Texas Students Are Not Graduating College Or Career Ready

Source: Texas Education Agency







Texas Faces a Broad Set of Challenges



Health Care Costs Are Rising, And Nearly 5 Million Texans Remain Uninsured



of Texas, households reported skipping or delaying needed care due to cost.

More **\$20,000** per year is the average total cost of employer-sponsored insurance for a family.



of the increases in employer health benefits are due to price increases alone – not utilization or demographic changes.

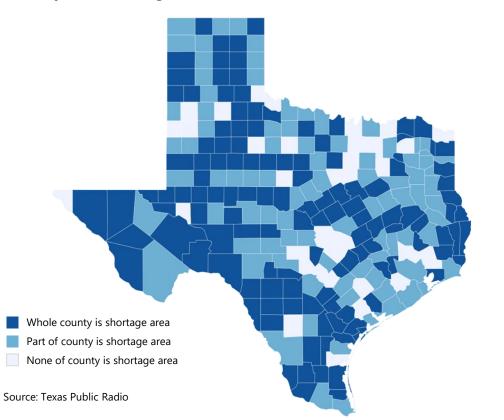
Nearly **5 million** Texans are **uninsured**.



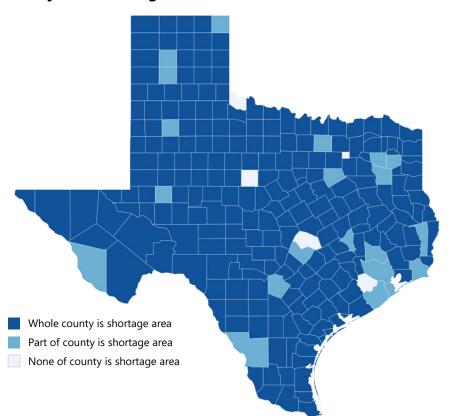


Meanwhile, Primary Care Physicians Are Becoming More Scarce

Primary Care Shortage Areas, 2019



Primary Care Shortage Areas, 2021





Lack of Broadband Limits Opportunities for Millions of Texans

165,353 **Texas Households**

do not have infrastructure to support broadband speeds. (Connected Nation Texas, 2022)

3.2 million do not subscribe to broadband services. (U.S. Census Bureau, 2019)

48 million U.S. Workers

lack foundational digital skills to meet future technological shifts. (National Skills Coalition, 2020)

\$2 billion-**\$4** billion

Estimated amount of Federal Funding Texas will receive for broadband expansion and digital inclusion.





Extreme Weather Events Are Forecast To Increase

The number of **100-degree days has more than doubled** over the past 40 years and could nearly double again by 2036.

The expected **average temperature in 2036 will be about 3 degrees warmer** than the average over the last half of the last century – and Texans should expect extreme monthly summertime temperature trends to increase.

Extreme rainfall has become more frequent and severe and is expected to worsen. As a result, there will be **a significant increase in urban flooding** — as much as 30-50% more than occurred over the last half of the 20th century.

Hurricane intensity is expected to increase significantly. Due to sea-level rise, the risk of hurricane storm surge in some places along the Texas Gulf Coast may in 2050 be twice as high as it was around 1900.

Texas faces **increased drought severity**, as higher temperatures increase evaporation rates.

Areas such as East Texas are at increased risk for wildfires.





These Problems Can Be Solved.

We Know, Because We're Doing It.



Texas Voters Share Concerns, And Priorities



of Texas voters are **extremely** or very concerned about Texas elementary school students' low reading scores.



of Texas voters expressed **extreme concern** about Texas **elementary school students'** low reading scores.



are very or extremely concerned that the state's **\$100 billion** yearly investment in education and workforce doesn't lead to well-paying jobs.



are extremely or very concerned about the **historic backlog of criminal cases** in Texas courts.



are extremely or very concerned about the extreme weather trends Texas faces.



Additional described themselves as **somewhat concerned** about the **extreme weather trends** Texas faces.



are **very or extremely concerned** that given current trends, Texas will not be able to meet a significant amount of its future water needs, meaning some communities may **lose access to water** in an extreme drought.



are **somewhat concerned** that given current trends, Texas will not be able to meet a significant amount of its future water needs, meaning some communities may **lose access to water** in an extreme drought.



TEXAS

VOTER

POLL

Only **10% described themselves as "very confident"** in Texas' electric grid, while 24% said they were "not that confident" and 25% said they were "not at all confident."



We're Connecting With Texans Across The State

We have hosted -

5 Texas Road Shows

18 Speaking Engagements

14 Legislative Meetings in members' home districts

We've traveled across the state with stops in San Antonio, the Rio Grande Valley, El Paso, Houston, Corpus Christi, DFW, Longview, Amarillo, Bryan/College Station...

...And we're just getting started.





And We're Connecting With State Leaders At The Capitol

During last year's Legislative Sessions, **45 bills** that we engaged on passed. These included critical improvements in:

Workforce Development

Health Care

Education Funding

Broadband Expansion

Pension Reform

Cybersecurity and IT Modernization





Texas Unique Characteristics Present Challenges, And Amazing Opportunities





Join Us in Making Texas the Best Place to Live, Work, and Raise a Family

Engage with us on working towards these shared goals of making Texas the best place to live and work.

Advocate for building civic demand on issues that matter for Texas.

Stay connected by subscribing to our email list.



